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McKINNEY, TEXAS.

VOL. 9 M'KINNEY, TEXAS, THURSDAY, JANUARY 12, 1893. NO 37

It has no Equal for the Money,
L. PHILIPSON, Dallas, Texas,
Sole Proprietor.

L. Burton, Jr. M. D. E. L. Burton, Sr., M. D.

DR'S. BURTON & BURTON,

SPECIALISTS!

Have associated themselves together and limit their practice exclusively to diseases of the EYE, EAR, NOSE, MOUTH AND THROAT, DISEASES OF WOMEN, GENITO URINARY, RECTAL DISEASES AND SURGERY.

Dr. E. L. Burton, Jr's., practice for the past year in McKinney and surrounding country speaks for itself. He has had unparalled success, for which his patrons will vouch.

Out of a record of over three hundred surgical operations, minor and major, there has not been a single failure.

The success of all this not only depends on being a skilful operator, but a physician of wonderfully accute perception.

Every disease we have a pathological alteration, or such a change as to produce a morbid or abnormal condition of the parts.

This first and most important of all factors in the treatment of disease is proper diagnosis. Next such Therapeutic measures as can be brought to bear that will remove the cause.

We have been offered hundreds of testimonials by former patients cured; but refused to publish any of them for that is not my policy.

We have a positive Cure for Piles, cured in a few days without pain, or detention from business. No cautery, knife or ligature.

For LETHAL STRICTURE, and all private diseases are treated by the latest and most approved methods, (strictly confidential.)

DISEASES OF WOMEN treated skilfully and successfully by approved methods.

Dr. E. L. Burton, Sr., will give his attention to this department, having had a large amount of practical experience.

A partial list of operations for the past year will be given in the following table:

OPERATIONS.	No Oper.	Males.	Females.	Suc.	Unsuc
Strabismus (cross eyes.)	28	9	19	28	.....
Cataract	6	5	1	6	.....
Trachelorrhaphy	21	16	5	21	Imp.
Ovariotomy	4	3	1	3	1
Abdominal operations,	13	8	5	13	Relief
Tumors Foreign,	9	9	.....	8	1
Harelip	7	6	1	7	.....
Plastic operation for nose	1	1	.....	1	.....
Nasal Polypi	5	4	1	5	.....
Cancers,	27	21	6	27	.....
Epithelioma, (form of Cancer)	14	4	.....	4	.....
Removal of Tonsil	2	8	4	12	.....
Aural Polypi	13	2	1	3	.....
Perforation (Ear Drum)	6	11	5	16	.....
Paracentesis Eppi (Odema)	32	2	.....	2	.....
Urethral Stricture	21	31	.....	31	.....
Hemorrhoids	2	18	4	22	.....
Enlarged Prostate	53	3	.....	3	.....
Polypi (womb)	2	.....	32	32	.....
Stone in bladder	1	1	.....	1	.....
Fractures of Tibia	3	3	.....	3	.....
Hernia	24	24	.....	24	.....
Tumors,	33	28	5	33	.....
Dislocations	3	2	1	3	.....

This embraces only a part of the successful surgical practice of the year.

We have done all in my power to relieve those so unfortunate as to be afflicted, coming under my care.

We feel as though my past years labors have not been in vain.

We only desire is to be ever upright and honorable to all.

Now, as my practice has assumed such proportions, I have called my father in as co-operator, and he will devote his whole attention to DISEASES OF WOMEN, ETC., while I will continue as usual.

Consultation free. All correspondence answered the day received.

DRS. BURTON & BURTON, McKinney, Tex.
Office N. E. Cor. Square. Hours 9-12 a. m. Hours 1:30-6 p. m.

Kentucky House

MRS. N. A. WILLIS & SON, Prop's.

Are prepared to give first class accommodations and respectfully solicit the patronage of the public.

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Per meal ..... $ 25
Board and lodging per day 1.00
Board and lodging per week 4.00
Board and lodging per month 15.00

Farmers when in the city give them a call.

T. EMERSON, President. T. T. EMERSON, Vice-President. T. H. EMERSON, Cashier.

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OF M'KINNEY, TEXAS.

CAPITAL and SURPLUS - - $125,000.

Buys and sells exchange on the principal cities in Europe
First-class paper discounted.
DIRECTORS: Francis Emerson, T. T. Emerson, T. H. Emerson
No. L. Lovejoy, C. H. Welch,
Business hours—9, a. m. to 4 p. m.

Kindell & McWhirter
—DEALERS IN—
STAPLE and FANCY GROCERIES.
East Louisiana Street, McKINNEY, TEXAS.
Give us a call and save money.

HAYS & CO.,
East Louisiana Street, near the Depot, McKINNEY, TEXAS.
—DEALERS IN—
STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES.
When hunting for bargains give us a call.
Fraternally Yours, HAYS & CO.

MORE CABINET NEWS

SOUTHERN STATESMEN SEEKING FAT SITUATIONS.

Carlisle Resigns as Senator and Will Accept the Secretary of the Treasury. The Neches River Is Worthy of Improvement by the Government.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—Cabinet gossip is plentiful in this city, especially among the Southern members. The friends of General Herbert, of Alabama, profess to be quite confident that he is going to be invited to take the naval portfolio. The general, however, is not so sanguine as some of his associates. It is evident that he has yet received no intimation from Mr. Cleveland on the subject, bu the will probably consider the matter very carefully before declining an offer. He is well liked by the line and staff of the navy, and during his connection with the committee on naval affairs, he has devoted much thought and study to the details of the service. There is another southern man who is sometimes mentioned in connection with a cabinet position. This is Representative Blount, of Georgia. Since the announcement has been made, however, with so much assurance, that Mr. Lamont is actually slated for the office of postmaster general, the cabinet prospects of Mr. Blount have materially diminished. His friends expect him to receive substantial recognition from Mr. Cleveland, and they have picked out for him a foreign mission. Judge Culbertson, of Texas, whose name is mentioned in connection with the attorney generalship, said that there is not the slightest prospect of his going into the cabinet.

A delegation of twenty-two prominent residents o New Orleans is here to promote the interests of General Adolph Myers, member of congress from Louisiana, in his aspirations for the naval portfolio. General Myers was presented to President-elect Cleveland as one of the leading Jewish citizens of the country.

Final Ruling.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—By direction of Secretary Noble a patent was issued to the town site board of El Reno, O. T., for 160 acres of the town site, originally claimed by John A. Foreman under the homestead law. The board will now proceed to make allotments to the several lot claimants according to their respective interests. This action closed the celebrated case as far as the interior department is concerned; any further litigation must be had before the courts.

Senator Carlisle Resigns.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—Senator Carlisle has sent in his resignation to take effect on Feb. 4. This creates no surprise, as it was generally understood that he had accepted the position of secretary of treasury under Mr. Cleveland. It is supposed that he wants a month to straighten out his affairs for the work before him. Although it has been known for some time that he had accepted the place offered him by Mr. Cleveland there has always been some surprise that he had done so.

Neches Fiver Improvement.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—The secretary of war sent to congress the report of Major James B. Quinn, corps of engineers, of the results of a preliminary examination of Neches river, Texas, from its month to Shook's bluff, made to comply with the requirements of the river and harbor act. Major Quinn expresses the opinion that the river from its junction with the Angelina river to the mouth is worthy of improvement by the general government. General Casey concurs.

Killed by a Stray Bullet.

MODESTO, Cal., Jan. 9.—The mystery surrounding the killing of Lafayette Steel at his ranch, while plowing, has probably been cleared up. At the inquest Fred Reynolds, a neighboring farmer, testified that at about the time of the killing he had fired at a hawk in a tree over a mile away, with a Winchester rifle, and missed the mark. The bullet found in Steel's heart and the one from the rifle correspond in every particular. No arrests will be made, as the killing of Steel was accidental.

Train Wreckers in Alabama.

BIRMINGHAM, Jan. 9.—In the railroad yards at Attalla the southbound Queen and Crescent limited was wrecked, every car except the rear sleeper leaving the track. The passengers were badly shaken up, but not seriously hurt. Some malicious person had wrapped a log chain about one of the rails.

Robbed by River Pirates.

PADUCAH, Ky., Jan. 9.—River pirates broke into the store of R. W. Haynes at Caseyville, Ky., and stole about $900 worth of goods. They were traced to the river, but from there no trace has been obtained. The men must have used a boat, for the storeroom was almost emptied.

A Missourian Attacked by Wolves.

CARTHAGE, Jan. 9.—A. A. Barr, a farmer residing near Knight's station, east of Carthage, reports being attacked by wolves near his home. His gun failed him, and to save his life he was forced to beat them off. Reports have been frequent of late of wolves being seen in various parts.

Three Men Saved from a Mob.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Jan. 9.—Grover Jones and Jim Rencher, colored, and G. P. Williams, who have been in jail at Eutaw, charged with the assassination of R. P. Hariston, were taken to Greensboro by the officers before daylight for safety, a mob having formed to lynch them.

Bit Off and Swallowed a Man's Ear.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Jan. 9.—Edward Skinner, a negro laborer, was on trial for mayhem in the criminal court. In a fight with a man named Conner several weeks ago Skinner bit his antagonist's ear off and swallowed it. Skinner will receive the full penalty.

Released on Bail.

ATLANTA, Jan. 9.—A new turn was taken in the case of the merchant prince, Steve Ryan, whose gigantic failure a year ago is remembered and who has been in jail a year for contempt of court in refusing to deliver certain assets which the court decided he had in his possession. For some time his attorneys have been endeavoring to secure a trial by jury and Ryan's release from jail on bond until the trial could be held. After a lengthy hearing Judge Clark granted the prayer and Ryan breathes the air of freedom outside jail walls. His bond is $100,000.

"ZIP'S" QUEER FATE.

An Elephant Swallowed a Chain Which Caused Its Death.

BARABOO, Wis., Jan. 9.—An autopsy remarkable in itself, and with surprising results, was held on the body of the mammoth elephant "Zip," that died a few nights ago in winter quarters here. Professor Donaldson of the Chicago university and Professor Akely of Milwaukee, performed the autopsy, the purpose of which was to ascertain the cause of the big pachyderm's death. Although long of the most tractable disposition, "Zip's" three days preceeding demise had been in a state of continuous frenzy, scaring the kangaroos and other animals at the quarters into spasms. Another peculiarity of the huge brute was a sudden loss of appetite. Elephants are proverbially long lived, and the opportunity for a scientist to dissect one comes so seldom that Messrs. Donaldson and Akely eagerly accepted this chance. The autopsy was performed in one of the quarters specially curtained off to prevent the other elephants from seeing what was going on. A sharp knife was first drawn through the tough skin under the stomach the entire length of the animal, and then the hide was removed. An incision was then made in the stomach, and Professor Donaldson, who was weilding the scalpel, uttered an exclamation of surprise.

"There certainly can't be a bone in the elephant's stomach," he said. "And yet the knife strikes something apparently as hard as iron."

The next moment the cause of the professor's astonishment was plain. As the ligaments parted the spectators crowding around could see links of a big chain. There was no longer any doubt as to what caused the big elephant's death. Professors Donaldson and Akely declared that it was a marvel that the animal had lived so long with so large a foreign substance in the stomach. The action of the elephant in swallowing the chain was also considered remarkable. It was four feet long and weighed over ninety pounds.

They Make a Confession.

PARIS, Jan. 7.—M. Charles de Lesseps and M. Fontaine, general secretary of the Panama Canal company, have under certain secret influences exercised in prison-made confessions.

The first result of the confessions was the arrest of M. Blonthin, and other arrests are probable.

The Figaro says De Lesseps' statements of a very startling character, and will create a great sensation in both America and France.

M. de Lesseps' motives are said to be not only to secure immunity from the penalty of the law, but also shows the public that the company was forced by irresistible pressure from officials and papers to choose between corruption or threatened ruin of the enterprise.

The Prodigal Returned.

CRAWFORDSVILLE, Tenn., Jan. 7.—Young Tomlinson, who, a few weeks ago, left home suddenly after forging his father's name blew out his brains with a revolver. Last Friday he wrote from Peoria, Ill., that he was sick and repentant and wanted to come home. He telegraphed from Covington, Ky., that he was so ill that he could get no further. His brother-in-law went to him and his father was at the train to meet him and forgive him, but he was destined to bitter disappointment. Just as the brakeman called out "Crawfordsville" young Tomlinson put a revolver to his head and fired. His father received him as a corpse.

Eight to Be Hanged at Once.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Jan. 7.—Governor Brown has received several petitions asking commutation to life imprisonment of the death sentence of the five colored boys convicted with three men of the murder of Dr. J. H. Hill at Chestertown. They now stand sentenced to be hanged at Chestertown Jan. 13 unless executive clemency is extended. The whole question of commutation will probably depend on the ages of the boys. If it can be shown to the governor that they are 13 or less he may possibly commute the sentence. He will take up the case this week. The indications are, though, that he does not intend to interfere.

Ben Butler Loses His Suit.

BOSTON, Jan. 9.—The supreme court has sustained the judgment in a verdict of $16,971 against General B. F. Butler in the suit brought by the Prescott National bank of Lowell, Mass. General Butler indorsed in 1886 a note for $1,500 and discounted it at the bank, receiving its value. General Butler contended that a national bank could not legally buy a promissory note on the market and held that the note was made on the Lord's Day. The verdict included interest and costs.

Bitten by Wolves.

WINNIPEG, Mant., Jan. 9.—A pack of wolves, driven by the intense cold and deep snow from the woods to seek food, attacked an Indian village near the east shore of Lake Winnipeg. Several Indians, while attempting to drive them off, were terribly bitten by the ferocious animals. A squaw and a child were so lacerated that they will die.

Shot His Former Partner.

GUTHRIE, O. T., Jan. 9.—F. B. M. Beall, a young attorney, and F. B. McKinney, a former partner, were talking on the street, when Beall suddenly drew a revolver and shot McKinney four times. There had been hard feelings between them.

A Jury Not Yet Secured.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., Jan. 9.—About fifteen more jurors were examined in the case against the cattlemen, nearly all of whom were challenged for cause. It is not likely a jury will be secured this week.

Four Thousand Bales in Ashes.

ANDERSON, S. C., Jan. 9.—About 4000 bales of cotton on the Richmond and Danville cotton platform were burned. Loss, $100,000; insured.

Rich Gold Find.

FLAGSTAFF, Ariz., Jan. 9.—A rich strike has been made in the grand canyon of the Colorado, about seven miles north from this town. It is a ledge of very rich quartz, bearing free gold in large quantities.

Six Typhus Deaths.

NEW YORK, Jan. 9.—Six deaths from typhus fever occurred during Saturday night on North Brother's island. Three new cases were reported and two supposed cases are in the reception tent at Belleville.

NO CHOLERA FOUND.

THE EXCITEMENT AT LITTLE ROCK HAS SUBSIDED.

Dr. Geddings Completed His Bacterial Test and Found No Trace of the Disease. Typhus Fever Raging In Mexico—Smallpox at Zacatecas.

LITTLE ROCK, Jan. 9.—Considerable comment was caused in this city over the action of the state of Texas in quarantining against Arkansas because of the cholera scare. The fever has left the public pulse and all is now quiet. State Health Officer Swearingen of Texas sent the following to City Physician Dickinson of Little Rock:

AUSTIN, Tex., Jan. 7.—City Physician Dickinson, Little Rock, Ark.: Please wire me your conclusions as to the existence of cholera in the penitentiary and the sanitary measures adopted.

Dr. Dickinson replied that no cholera existed at the penitentiary and that institution was in good sanitary condition. Dr. Geddings of the United States marine hospital service, who has been in the city three days investigating the disease at the penitentiary, said it was foolishness quarantining, as the scarce was all talk and there was nothing to cause uneasiness.

Dr. F. W. Reilly, secretary of the Illinois board of health, arrived from Chicago to investigate the reported cholera scare. He will report that the scare is over and there is no cause for alarm.

The bacterial test begun by Dr. Geddings has been concluded and he forwarded his report to Surgeon General Wyman at Washington. Dr. Geddings had strict orders not to disclose the nature of his report.

The following is City Physician Dickinson's report to the president of the board of health: "I have inspected the patients at the state penitentiary. There are no new cases admitted to the hospital with the diarrhœal symptoms. The two remaining in the hospital are entirely controlled. Appearances indicate that no further trouble may be feared."

Dr. Geddings telegraphed to Washington for permission to make the result of his investigations known to the citizens of Little Rock and received the authority from Dr. Wyman. He thereupon declared that he had not been able to find even a trace of cholera, and publicly declared that there is no cholera now existing in the state of Arkansas. This is authentic.

Cholera, Typhus and Smallpox.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—The surgeon general of the marine hospital service received a telegram from Past Assistant Surgeon Geddings, bacteriologist, detailed to examine into the cause of the sickness among convicts at the Little Rock penitentiary. Surgeon Geddings reports that he has completed the examination, which failed to show the existence of cholera. There were no new cases of sickness nor any more deaths in the penitentiary. Dr. Geddings has been ordered to return to Washington, unless he thinks his services at Little Rock are further required.

The surgeon general also received a report from Sanitary Inspector Alexander at El Paso regarding the typhus fever now raging in Mexico. The inspector states that typhus and smallpox are epidemic at Zacatecas and other points in the interior of Mexico. Precautions are being taken to prevent the disease being brought across the border to the United States.

The passenger detained at Paso del Norte was found to have the smallpox. At the same place two Mexican soldiers are ill with typhus fever, but are kept isolated. Inspector Alexander says he is informed by railroad employes on the Mexican Central railroad that there are about 600 cases of typhus fever at Zacatecas, resulting in sixty-nine deaths last week.

An Ex-Convict's Quick Wedding.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Jan. 9.—At 12 o'clock m. Robert M. Courtright was liberated from the Philadelphia penitentiary. He was driven to the Reading depot as fast as horses could carry him. He arrived at Hyde Park at 6:20 p. m., was met there by his sweetheart, Miss Dougherty, driven to the house of a clergyman and married. Three years ago Courtright was convicted of embezzlement and sentenced to three years' imprisonment. He had been arrested as he was donning his wedding clothes. Miss Dougherty would not believe him guilty. A confession by the real culprit set Courtright at liberty.

A Dray Load of Wealth.

GREENVILLE, Miss., Jan. 9.—An order issued by the board of supervisors to County Treasurer G. B. Alexander, that he produce instanter the funds of the county in his hands and in those of his deputies for actual count, was the cause of an unusual spectacle being presented to Greenvillians, that of $50,000, mostly in silver, being loaded upon a dray and carted to the new courthouse along the thoroughfares of the city. The cash was promptly furnished by the local bank acting as Mr. Alexander's depositors. A count of the funds evinced the absolute accuracy of the treasurer's accounts.

Sued a Marrying Man for $20,000.

WASHINGTON, Ind., Jan. 9.—Suit was filed here by Miss Loyda J. Hulen against Alexander Killion, the wealthiest man in Davis county, demanding $20,000 for breach of promise. Killion, after courting Miss Hulen, recently married Mary F. Myers. Killion has been married four times. He gave his last wife $5000 to marry him. He is 71 years old and is worth a quarter of a million. The plaintiff is but 23 years old.

Life Sentence for a Nephew's Crime.

DETROIT, Jan. 9.—There never has been a case that exemplified more clearly the dangers of convicting a man upon circumstantial evidence than that of George Bossenberger, who is now serving a life sentence for the murder of William Knack. The guilty man is a nephew, Otto Schultzer, who has confessed. Bossenberger will be released.

Texas Fever Losses to Be Appraised.

EMPORIA, Kan., Jan. 9.—After a great deal of trouble a commission has been agreed upon by cattlemen interested in suits growing out of losses caused by Spanish fever brought to this state by Texas cattle last summer. The commissioners consist of T. G. Wibley of Emporia, John Minnich of Cottonwood Falls and William Rogers of Kansas City. These gentlemen will appraise all losses and make returns to court.

SEATTLE, Wash., Jan. 9.—At midnight the first train over the Great Northern railway, which was completed Friday night, pulled into the depot here.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

Southern Illinois is agitating for better country roads.

Gus Franzhein fatally shot his wife's paramour at Memphis, Tenn.

A freight-rate war on California goods east has been inaugurated.

The iron trade still shows a waiting disposition for new year developments.

The Indiana Democrats will re-elect Senator Turpie to the United States senate.

Eight Russians were rescued from a flooded mine after being eleven days without food.

The Rio Grande Southern railroad will build an extension into the San Juan gold fields.

The joint caucus at Jefferson City, Mo., declined to indorse Governor Francis for a cabinet position.

Ex-Senator Gil Pierce has been given a nice political plum in the shape of consul general at Portugal.

A Kansas City married woman follows her husband to Atchison and has him and the girl arrested.

Sensational news has developed at Paris in the Panama scandal, and many additional arrests are expected.

Peter Sutter, the Des Moines wife murderer, committed suicide in jail by cutting his throat with a razor.

Kansas railroad employes will ask the legislature to pass a number of measures calculated to benefit them.

Speaker Crisp has his hands full trying to fix days for the hearing of various pet measures of congressmen.

At Indianapolis a man named McClure killed his wife and unborn babe with a bullet intended for the wife's brother.

Republicans have gained a victory in Kansas by another decision of the supreme court adverse to the Populists.

The week's feature in the flour market is the smallest output in two years, higher prices and advanced ocean rates.

Several explosions of natural gas following a fire in a thirteen-story Chicago building caused serious injuries to many firemen.

The Republicans of Massachusetts in caucus named Henry Cabot Lodge for the United States senate to succeed Senator Dawes.

Cushman K. Davis was renominated for United States senator by the caucus of the Minnesota Republicans and two Alliance men.

Retiring Governor Winans and incoming Governor Rich of Michigan each in his message urged legislation for better roads.

General Mabry's report to the governor of Texas gives great credit to the rangers for their work in suppressing lawlessness on the border.

Anton Greisedieck, the well known brewer at St. Louis, brings suit for divorce, alleging that his wife has an ungovernable temper.

Dr. Geddings, the medical expert at Little Rock, has decided that the deaths of convicts at the Arkansas prison were not caused by cholera.

The arrest of M. Blondin, a clerk, at Paris, in connection with the Panama scandal, does not involve the Credit Lyonnaise, which employed him.

The election commissioners of Lonoke, Ark., have been arraigned before the United States court for failing to appoint Republican judges of election.

The striking miners in the Saar district, Germany, are committing many outrages by sheer strength of numbers under the leadership of firey anarchists.

The Colorado senate has resulted in a deadlock on its first day's session on the matter of organization, seven "White Wings" (Democrats) holding the balance of power.

The Railway Age says that in the last twelve months thirty-six railroad companies, representing 10,508 miles and a capital of nearly $385,000,000, have defaulted and been placed in the hands of receivers.

A Woman Who Kept a Secret.

FORT WAYNE, Ind., Jan. 9.—A little over a year ago Frank Zimmerman, Jr., and Miss Lydia Kaag, both of this city, were married secretly at Columbia City, while the young lady was there on a visit. It was not until Thursday that the young wife made known her alliance with Zimmerman, and she might have kept the secret longer but for a letter from Mr. Zimmerman, who wrote to her that he had secured a lucrative position in Omaha, Neb., and wanted his wife to come to a home he had fitted up for her.

Murdered by Indians.

SAN ANTONIO, Jan. 9.—Ramon Guerra, a furniture dealer of this city, received a letter from his brother, who is at Sumpango del la Laguna, in the valley of Mexico, stating that Will Haynes, a well known civil engineer of this city, employed on the drainage work near the City of Mexico, had been attacked by Indians and fatally stabbed. The murderous Indians were working under Mr. Haynes. They have been arrested.

Erie County Must Foot the Militia Bill.

ALBANY, Jan. 7.—Comptroller Campbell has received an opinion from Attorney General Rosendale holding that Erie county is under obligations to reimburse the state for the payment of the expenses of the National guard during the recent switchmen's strike at Buffalo. The amount involved is about $180,000.

Bank Defaulter Arrested.

LOUISVILLE, Jan. 9.—William Pope, the defaulting teller of the City National bank, has been captured in Starke, Fla. Pope absconded three years ago, taking about $75,000 of the bank's money.

For Assistant Postmaster General.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—The president has sent to the senate the name of Henry Clay Evans of Tennessee to be first assistant postmaster general.

Missing Bonds.

RALEIGH, Jan. 9.—As George Simons, executor of Christopher Sterns of Onstow county, was returning from Newbourne he missed a satchel containing $5000 in United States bonds. Henry Morris, hostler at the livery stable at Newbourne, has been arrested, charged with the theft.

A Suicidal Family.

ITHACA, N. Y., Jan. 9.—Mrs. Joseph Wool of Wilseyville hanged herself. A year ago her brother drowned himself. A few months ago a nephew hanged himself.

CONGRESSIONAL NEWS.

Wednesday.

SENATE—Friday and Saturday were set apart for the consideration of the bill granting additional quarantine powers and for the suspension of immigration for one year.—The McGarrahan bill was laid over until Tuesday next.—Mr. Stewart of Nevada addressed the senate on the resolution to suspend all purchases of silver bullion.—Mr. Frye introduced a bill providing for the appointment of a commission to settle the government indebtedness of the Pacific railroads. Under the bill the president is authorized to appoint a commission of two Republicans, two Democrats and one People's party to ascertain the amount of obligations due or to become due to the United States, and enter into agreements with companies to adjust and extend the obligations as may seem equitable and just.—Mr. Chandler of New-hampshire moved that next Friday the two bills on the calendar having regard to the introduction of cholera into the United States be special orders. Agreed to.—The anti-option bill was taken up. A number of amendments of minor importance were offered and agreed to.—Senator Sherman said it was very doubtful whether it was within the constitutional power of congress to regulate contracts and to make things lawful or unlawful, unless they entered into interstate or foreign commerce.—Mr. White moved to strike out the provision at the end of section 2. A vote was taken and resulted—yeas 12, nays 30. As a quorum did not vote, without further action on the amendment the senate went into executive session and soon adjourned.

HOUSE—Mr. Martin of Indiana called up private pension bills.—Mr. Bland of Missouri brought in a stumbling-block in the shape of a speech pleading for economy in view of the existing condition of the treasury. After Mr. Bland had concluded, one bill was passed and the house adjourned.

Thursday.

SENATE—The feature of the senate was the speech delivered by Mr. Vilas against the anti-option bill. The bill went over till Monday.—Mr. Hill of New York offered a resolution which, at the suggestion of Mr. Chandler, went over, directing the clerk of the senate to transmit to the secretary of state a copy of senate bill now pending entitled "a bill for the suspension of immigration for one year," and asking the secretary to inform the senate whether provisions of said bill absolutely suspending immigration for a period of one year was in conflict with any treaties now existing between the United States and any foreign countries.—House joint resolution directing the secretary of the treasury to cover back into the treasury $48,800 or the appropriation made by congress to pay the Choctaw and Chickasaw tribes of Indians for their interest in the lands of the Cheyenne and Arapahoe reservation, that sum being more than was actually due to the Choctaws and Chickasaws, was taken up and passed with an amendment.—Senate bill concerning testimony in criminal cases or proceedings growing out of the interstate commerce law was taken from the calendar and passed.—The anti-option bill was taken up and Mr. Vilas addressed the senate in opposition to it on the grounds already noted. The senate then, after a short executive session adjourned.

HOUSE.—The second general appropriation bill passed the house this session was the fortification appropriation bill and it went through without amendment or the slightest debate. A few private pension bills passed and the house adjourned without a quorum.

Friday.

SENATE.—The senate was given up to a discussion of the bill on the subject of quarantine regulations and its corrective measure and the bill to suspend immigration one year. To the latter an amendment is pending to authorize the president to issue a proclamation suspending immigration from countries where the cholera may prove to be prevailing.—Arguments against the quarantine bill were made by Mr. McPherson, Democrat, of New Jersey and Mr. Platt, Republican, of Connecticut, Mr. Mills, Democrat, of Texas and Mr. Dolph, Republican, of Oregon. Many amendments were offered, some of which were agreed to, the others going over.—The resolution offered by Mr. Hill, calling on the state department for information as to whether the bill to suspend immigration is in conflict with any treaty with foreign governments, was taken up and agreed to with some verbal amendments.

HOUSE.—The session was uneventful. The attendance was small and nothing but private business was considered, with the exception of a bill providing for the muster and pay of certain officers and men of the volunteer forces. About twenty-five private pension bills were passed.

Saturday.

SENATE—The first matter considered was an amendment empowering the president to suspend, for such time as he deemed necessary, immigration from countries or places where cholera or yellow fever exist. Mr. Kyle moved to strike out "yellow fever" and insert "other contagious or infectious diseases, and spoke of the prevalence of the typhus fever in Mexico, which was agreed to. Then section 7, as amended, was agreed to. Several amendments modifying the verbiage of the bill were agreed to, as was one appropriating $1,000,000 to meet exigencies in the execution of the provisions of the bill. The bill went over.—The house bill passed Jan. 5, extending the five years' act of Feb. 9, 1891, for the construction of a deep water harbor on the coast of Texas, was taken from the calendar and passed with an amendment limiting the extension to two years.—After a short executive session the senate adjourned.

HOUSE—The house was engaged all Saturday in the consideration of the District of Columbia appropriation bill without disposing of it.

Pennsylvania Blue Laws in Effect.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 7.—The supreme court has decided that the old Blue laws of 1794, relating to the following of worldly pursuits on the Sabbath day, are still in force. The decision was rendered upon the case of Thomas Matthews, publisher of the Pittsburg Sunday Leader, who was convicted of publishing and issuing his paper on Sunday. The court commended the act, but says that a too liberal enforcement of its provisions may lead to its repeal.

Awaiting a Claimant.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Colo., Jan. 9.—Last week John Kelley, a section foreman on the Santa Fe, was killed near Edgerton. He carried $1000 life insurance, and an effort has been made to find relatives, if any, to whom to pay the funds. Mrs. Ellen Kelley of St. Louis forwarded a detailed description. The deceased bore a strong resemblance to Mrs. Kelley's brother-in-law.

Statesmen Indicted.

BROOKLYN, Jan. 7.—The grand jury brought in presentments against thirty members of the board of aldermen and supervisors for extravagant expenditures in the recent Colombian celebration. The names of those indicted have not yet been made public.

Aged 107 Years.

ALTON, Ill., Jan. 7.—The death of Mrs. H. Meyer of Grafton is just reported here and is notable from the fact that she was popularly supposed to be the oldest woman in Illinois. She was a native of Germany and born in October, 1785, and consequently 107 years old.

He Won His Suit.

TACOMA, Wash., Jan. 9.—By a decision of the general land office John G. McBride gets title to 120 acres of land in the city of Tacoma, valued at $300,000. In 1889 twenty citizens filed on the land mineral claims of twenty acres each. McBride bought these claims, put improvements on them and applied for patents. This was refused and a legal fight began, ending as stated.

Canada Will Observe the Jubilee.

MONTREAL, Jan. 9.—Archbishop Fabre has issued a pastoral ordering special prayers in all the churches during the three days preceding Feb. 19, which is the date of the fiftieth anniversary of the Episcopal consecration of Leo XIII., and by ordering also the chanting of "Te Deum" in all the churches on the day of the pope's anniversary.

WELLS-FARGO LOSES AGAIN.

A Trusted Employe Takes a Box of Mexican Money.

EL PASO, Tex., Jan. 9.—A box containing 2000 Mexican silver dollars was stolen from Wells, Fargo & Co. at Juarez. The Mexican Central express arrived and the messenger turned the money and other matter over to Agent Robinson. It was all loaded on a truck and hauled to the office door, where the agent left it under the guard of three Mexicans while he went in to breakfast. Upon rechecking the matter the box was found missing. The police were notified at once and shortly they located the box at the residence of Louis Medina, where it had been delivered. James Born has been in the employ of the company for about nine years and has had the entire confidence of his superiors, who would not believe him guilty until he confessed his crime. Born was placed in the barracks in jail to await investigation.

Given Their Choice.

INDIANAPOLIS, Jan. 9.—General Agent Perry of the Pennsylvania line called twenty freight handlers into his office and gave them their choice between the company and their union. Fifteen chose the company and five their union. The latter were immediately paid off. Perry said the company could not furnish bread and butter to men who are likely to prove unfaithful to it. "You cannot be loyal to both the company and the union and there's no use to mince matters. I am satisfied that my superior officers will find no fault with my action." The union men say the Pennsylvania company is taking the first step and that other companies will fall into line and that it is the purpose of the companies to rid themselves of union influences before the time of the World's fair.

Scouting for Revolutionists.

EAGLE PASS, Tex., Jan. 9.—Senor Maillefert, the Mexican consul, denies that the Garzaites crossed over to Mexico below Eagle Pass. He states that twenty-three men crossed the river near Webb station, in Encinal county, heading in this direction, supposed to be revolutionists, and that Mexican and American troops are scouting for them.

Fell Forty Feet.

CHICAGO, Jan. 9.—Peter Dell and William W. Lehigh fell forty feet from a scaffold at the World's fair grounds. Dell was instantly killed and Lehigh will die from his injuries. A third workman untied the rope which held the scaffold in place, not noticing that anybody was upon it.

A Petrified Man at Salt Lake ....

SALT LAKE CITY, Jan. 9.—A petrified man was dug up in the western part of the city recently. The figure is perfect, and was found four feet below the surface. Its weight is about 700 pounds.

The Nickel Store is selling goods at the same old price since the fire.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

BEATTY Pianos, Organs $23 up. Want Ag'ts. Cat'g. FREE. Dan'l. F. Beatty, N. J.

$525 Agents profits per month. Will prove it or pay forfeit. New articles just out. A $1.50 sample end terms free. Try us. CHIDESTER & SON, 58 Read Street, New York City, N. Y.

DEAF PINESS & HEAD NOISES CURED by Peck's INVISIBLE TUBULAR CUSHIONS. Whispers heard. Comfortable Successful where all Remedies fail. 14th book & proofs free Address F. HISCOX, 853 Broadway, New York.

All First-Class Druggists
From present date will keep on sale the Imported East India Hemp Remedies, Dr. H. James' preparation of this herb on its own soil (Calcutta), will positively cure Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Nasal Catarrh, and break up a fresh cold in 24 hours. $2.50 per bottle, or 3 bottles $6.50. Try it. CRADDOCK & CO., PROPRIETORS, 1632 Race Street, Philadelphia.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c, and $1.00 at Druggists

The Consumptive and Feeble and all who suffer from exhausting diseases should use Parker's Ginger Tonic. It cures the worst Cough, Weak Lungs, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Female Weakness, Rheumatism and Pain. 50c. & $1.

HINDERCORNS. The only sure remedy for Corns. Stops all pain. Makes walking easy. 15cts. at Druggists.

Dr. C. F. BROWN'S
YOUNG
TESTED
AMERICAN
35 YEARS
LINIMENT
WILL POSITIVELY CURE
Rheumatism, Lame Back, Stiff Joints, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps, Lumbago, Pain or Inflammation from any cause; also Spavin, Ringbone, Splint, Galls or Screw Worm in stock. Price, 25 cts.
A Famous Remedy of a Famous Physician.
C. F. BROWN CHEMICAL CO.,
Sole Proprietors. 72 John St., New York.

TOWER'S TRADE FISH BRAND
This Trade Mark is on the best
WATERPROOF COAT
In the World!
Illustrated Catalogue Free. A. J. TOWER, BOSTON, MASS.

FIRST CLASS
Board and Lodging
—AT—
Mrs. M. W. Webb's
No. 516, Jackson St., Corner of Pearl.
Dallas, Texas.
Rates, $1.00 per Day. Nice large cool rooms and bath privileges.

THE DEMOCRAT.

EDITED AND PUBLISHED
By F. C. Thompson.

THURSDAY, JAN. 12, 1892.

DEMOCRAT

THE PAPER

THE PAPER

WE
Desire
Every
Man in
Old
Collin county to
Read our paper
And get all
The TRUTH.

The sceptred king who sits in state,
Or hero in red battle's shock,
Is not so worthy, nor so great,
As he who plows, and keeps the flock.

IT is time to "raise the devil" to a limb.

GLADSTONE, of England, is 83 years old.

INTEMPERANCE is the costliest of all vices.

ABOUT the only privilege left a poor fellow, is to kick.

"TALK IS CHEAP," providing a lawyer is not the talker.

TRY to be a gentleman even when handling your stock.

"MONEY IS TIGHT," to a man who is always "tight" himself.

AN honest man is said to be the noblest work of God. The DEMOCRAT is aware that the honest chap must hustle to catch an honest dollar.

MR. R. C. DIAL enters the journalistic field as editor of the Greenville Banner, one of the best papers in North Texas. Success to you Bro Dial.

SOME of our enterprising society papers reports that the man in the moon has gone off on a visit and then they talk about "scoops." Gentlemen we acknowledge that the DEMOCRAT is not a "sky-scraper."

AN exchange says that money obtained by "tricks of trade" is money obtained under false pretence and deserves severe punishment. This is true, whether practiced by farmers or merchants.

REPRESENTATIVE BLAND, in a recent interview said:

"Eastern men who are clamoring for gold and are too greedy, are grasping for every thing in sight, letting the future take care of itself. They will find out their mistake. It is my belief the world is drifting rapidly to paper money, it will reach that point before long, and I don't know but that we will be quite as well off."

Funny Bill Shaw.

A few leaders in the populists party, out of a job, are laboring earnestly to keep up the excitement. Unless it is done they may have to do some sort of honest work for the next year to pick up a livelihood. A rare calamity of this nature might send them to lunatic asylums.—Texas Farmer.

What a pity it is that everybody is not like Bill Shaw—an honest, hard working gentleman? For years he has labored incessantly without even a stimulating drink. Without the aid of Bill's honest brain and brawn, Hogg would never have been elected and Texas, to day, would have been from under the protecting care of a sound and safe (?) railroad commission, crouching at the feet of Monopoly Clark or Calamity Nugent! The political virtues of Bill Shaw are simply sublime! It is to be hoped that he will not land in a lunatic asylum before another campaign.

Come Farmer Shaw, "Give us a rest."

ANNALS OF AMERICAN POLITICS.

A Brief History of Our National Campaigns.

[BY M. C. FORBES.]

Upon the establishment of the American republic under its present constitution in 1789 we find the people divided in two parties or factions known as the federalist party, under the leadership of Alexander Hamilton and John Adams; and the anti-federalist or republican party under the leadership of Thomas Jefferson and Aaron Burr.

There was no contest for the presidency in 1789 as there was but one man preeminently entitled to the honor of being the nations first chief magistrate. General Washington, was chosen by common consent by both federalist and republicans, although it was conceded that he leaned taward the former party. He received the unanimous vote of the electoral college, 69 in all.

Under the old method then in vogue two persons were voted for by each elector; the one receiving the highest vote being elected president, and the next highest vice president The federalists consolidated their vote upon John Adams for second place. He received 34 votes, the remaining votes being scattered between the following persons; John Jay, R. H. Harrison, John Rutledge, John Hancock, George Clinton, Thomas Jefferson, Samuel Huntingdon, John Milton, James Armstrong, Benjamin Lincoln and Edward Telfair.

The federalist party favored a strong central government with many of the features of the British government as its models. The republicans on the other hand opposed the centralizing of any power in the hands of the central government that could possibly be retained by the several states. Along these lines a bitter contest was waged during the early administrations of the goverment, and daring Washingtons administration it came near disrupting the Cabinet, which was chosen from both parties; which was only prevented by the mediations of the president.

In 1792 party lines were drawn more closely though Washington again received 132 votes out of a total of 135. The strength of the federal party was represeted by the vote cast for John Adams for the second place. He receiving 77 votes while the opposition divided its votes between George Clinton, Thomas Jefferson, and Aaron Burr. Adams being elected vice president for the second time.

The republican party under the able leadership of Jefferson made such rapid gains that in 1796 it divided honors with its powerful opponent.

John Adams the leading candidate of the federalists was elected president; receiving 71 electoral votes, while Mr. Jefferson received 68 and was elected vice president. The remaining votes were divided between the following persons, Aaron Burr, Thomas Pinckney; Samuel Adams, Oliver Ellsworth, George Clinton, John Jay, James Iredell, George Washington, John Henry, J. Johnson and Charles Pinckney.

In 1800, party lines were strictly drawn; caucuses were held by the members of congress of each party; and candidates were nominated by each. The federalists put foward John Adams and Charles C. Pinckney; while the republicans nominated Thomas Jefferson and Aaron Burr.

The latter received 73 votes and the former 62. Although the republicans had carried the election neither Jefferson or Burr were elected, both having received the same vote. The contest went to the house of representatives and was decided on the 36th ballot in favor of Jefferson; Burr becoming vice president. In 1803 the constitution was recommended that the electors should vote for one person for president, and one for vice president; that the tangle of 1800 might thereafter be avoided.

In 1804 the republican caucus renominated Jefferson for president, and George Clinton for vice president. The federalists nominated Charles C. Pinckney, for president, and Rufus King for vice president.

The result was a sweeping victory for the republicans. Jefferson and Cliuton receiving 162. While their opponents received only 14, seventeen states voted in this contest.

In 1808 James Madisou, and George Clinton, were nominated by the republicans while Charles C. Pinckney, again led the federalists. Madison received 122 electoral votes, and Pinckney but 14. For vice president Clinton received 113 votes; the remainder being scattered between Rufus King, John Landgon, James Madison, and James Monroe.

In 1812 Madison again led the republicans to victory against the federalist party, headed by DeWitt Clinton and Jared Ingersoll. The federalist making a desperate effort in this canvass to regain their lost prestige. Madison received 128 electoral votes and Clinton 89.

Elbridge, Gerry Madisons colleague received 131 votes and Jared Ingersoll received 86 votes for Vice-President.

The republicans were now master of the situation. The old federalist party had become demoralized and disorganized by four crushing defeats. The policy of Jefferson and Madison had become popular with the masses. The second war with Great Britain had been brought to a successful termination. In spite of the predictions of the president who had opposed the war, thereby making himself odious to the patriots who had born the national banner to victory in two hard fought wars.

At the close of Madison's administration the republican caucus selected as its candidates, James Monroe and D. D. Tompkins. The remnant of the federal party supported Rufus King for president. The vote in the electoral college of 1816 stood: Monroe 183 and King 34. For vice president, Tompkins received 183 votes, while the opposition vote was scattered between John E. Howard, James Ross, John Marshal and Robert G. Harper. All opposition to the republican party, now practically disappeared and for several years party strife was hardly known. This period was known as the "era of good feeling," and, with the possible exception of Washington's, Monroe's administration had less opposition than that of any other president.

In 1820 Monroe was renominated by the caucus and elected without opposition, receiving 231 electoral votes out of a total of 232, one vote being cast for John Quincy Adams, son of John Adams. D. D. Tompkins was re-elected vice-president by 218 votes, 14 votes being divided between Richard Stockton; Daniel Rodney, R. G. Harper and Richard Rush.

Having controlled the nation for twenty-five years with but little opposition the republican party became ruptured by dissentions and torn by discordant elements. Great dissatisfaction arose on the alleged arbitrary rule of the congressional caucus.

The more radical faction of the party was led by Andrew Jackson and John C. Calhoun, and were known as "Democratic Republicans," and later as "Democrats." In 1824 this faction being in control of the legislature of Tennessee named Jackson as their choice for president and Calhoun for vice president. The conservative element of the party which were called "National Republicans" controlled the legislature of Kentucky and named Henry Clay as their candidate. The Massachusetts legislature, a collection of all the elements of opposition to the republican party was formed, which chose John Quincy Adams as its candidate for president. The legislature of South Carolina chose William H. Crawford as its candidate, thus farther dividing the strength of the "Republicans." Jackson made an aggressive campaign championing the cause of the "common people" and opposing "banks of issue" to control the national money, and by bitterly denouncing the protective tariff policy of Clay and others. Clay took a conservative but firm position in favor of the issues that Jackson opposed. Adams occupied pretty much the same grounds that Clay did, while Crawford was a conservative advocate of the old Jeffersonian principles. After a campaign of much bitterness the result was announced, and no choice was made in the electoral college. Jackson receiving 99 votes in that body, Adams 84, Crawford 41 and Clay 37.

The popular vote cast for Jackson was 155,872; for Adams 105,321, while Crawford and Clay's combined vote amounted to only 90,869. The election now devolved on the house of representatives; Clay being the fourth man in the race, his name could not be considered by that body, but it was evident that he held the ballance of power and could dictate Monroe's successor, Jackson and his friends mentioned that as he had received a large plurality of the popular and electoral vote he should be chosen unanimously by the house. But Clay saw an opportunity to defeat his late party colleague, but then bitter opponent, and when the house convened he threw the vote of Kentucky, and his whole powerful influence in favor of Adams, giving him the vote of 13 states to 7 for Jackson and 4 for Crawford. Calhoun was elected vice-president, however, by the electoral college, receiving the full strength of Jackson and Crawford, besides part of that of Adams and Clay, amounting to 182 votes, the remaining 79 votes being divided between Nathan Sanford, Nathaniel Macon, Andrew Jackson, Martin VanBuren and Henry Clay.

$20.00 For You $20.00.

Young Men! Young Women! Parents!

Have you ever rolled Twenty Large Silver Dollars in your hand? Have you ever balenced one on your first finger, and clinked it with another? A sound like that, is the marching music to Success. Have you ever heard of Walden's Texas Business Colleges, one at Austin, the other at Ft. Worth? Of course you have, for they are among the oldest and most thorough Business Training Schools in all this fair southland, and their former students can be found in all parts of the state and many adjoining states occupy responsible and money making positions. Either one of these two schools will give you Twenty large, bright, Silver Dollars discount on a Three Months Scholarship.

But, you may ask, "what do you mean by a Three Months Scholarship?" We mean that you will be taught by the best teachers, given wholesome board and lodging for three months, when you purchase, and thus own, one of their scholarships, which is a document under seal. The regular price of this scolarship, is $80.-00. so you see they intend to give you Twenty Dollars by selling it to you for $60. But, this offer is a special one and is good only from Dec. 25th, until the fifteenth day of January. So you had better secure one without delay as after that date, the regular prices will be strictly adhered to. Parents, if you have $60, remember that such a Christmas present to your son or daughter is more precious than gold, more valuable than diamonds or rubies. Only one hundred scholarships will be sold at this price. Write instantly for a beautiful catalogue which will tell you all about the Schools, and also how they will teach you the things you should know and how to make money. Bookkeeping, short hand, typewriting, penmanship and telegraphy, good plain English, all these studies and more too are taught in these unrivaled schools. Have you a friend that has some one to educate, or that desires to attend school himself? Send him a marked copy of this paper as he may not see it. Write to day for circular giving special holiday rates. Address Austin or Ft. Worth.

The Chinese postal service, which is slow and crude, is controlled by many private companies.

☞The nickel store.

DR. PRICE'S
Cream Baking Powder.
Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard

J. P. DOWELL.

THIS ROOSTER IS NOT CROWING OVER THE LATE ELECTION, BUT OF THE SATISFACTION THE

Crockery Department
Is complete with the best makes of goods from the leading potters of England, France, Germany and Japan.

Dinner and Tea Sets.

Glassware
Of all kinds from the cheapest to the most expensive cut glass.

Lamps
The Stock is full of all the ne styles, artistic in design an finish. Barquet lamps, pian lamps, table lamps, and a fu line of the Celebrated Roche ter Center Draft Lamps.

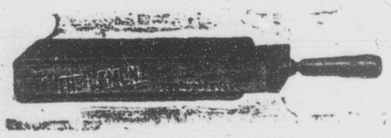
Harry Bros'. Corrugat ed Cisterns.

☞Other goods too numer ous to mention.

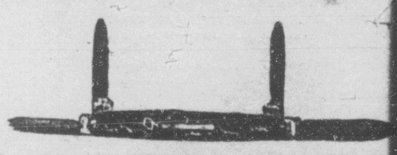
Bridge-Beach M'fg. Co's. Heating and Cooking Stoves are Giving t the purchasers.

J. P. DOWELL

Handles the latest improvements in Cooking and Heating Stoves Consumers will consult their BEST ITNEREST by calling and in specting his line before buying. Stoves from $7.00 to $50.00.



HARDWARE,



Cutlery Tools, Guns, Pistols, Plated Ware, etc

YOU ARE INVITED TO EXAMINE THE FOLLOWING NOVELTIES:

Statuary, Vases, Jardiniers, Baskets, Cups and Saucers, Trays, Bonbonniers Dinner ware and stock of Matchless Lamps and hundreds of n velties rich i design and decoration that cannot be Excelled in Texas.

Removal Sale!

On account of Remvoal to our New Store South East Corner of the Square On January 1st we will sell

AT COST

—AND—

BELOW COST

Many Lines of Goods in Order to Reduce Stock.

Dress Goods Cheaper than you Ever Saw Before.

Double Width Waterproof..... 25 cents.
White and Red Flannels Very Cheap.
Wool Jeans..... 25 cents.
Boy's Boots, worth $1.50 for..... $1.00
Mens' Boots worth $1.50 for..... 1.00
Womens' Shoes worth $1 50 for..... 1.00

It will pay you to buy of us.

Cost! Cost! Cost!!

BARKLEY, HARRIS & RHEA

BOARDS OLD STAND,
South Side Square, McKinney, Texas.

For Complete and Accurate Printed Abstracts of Title call upon

M. H. BYRNE.

He and his office force devote their entire time to that business. He has the most elaborate and complete Abstract Books in the county. Also, if you want MONEY on the Installment plan at LOW interest, M. H. Byrne can give you the best of TERMS.

Call and see him at his office on the west side of the Public Square, McKinney, Texas. may-19-1yr.

G. W. OWENS, Oak Cliff, Tex. KARL ARMSTRONG, McKinney, Tex. F. H. ARMSTRONG, McKinney, Tex.

OWENS & ARMSTRONG BROS.
McKINNEY, TEX.
—DEALERS IN—
LUMBER, SHINGLES, SASH, DOORS, BLINDS MOULDING, PICKETTS, etc.
YARD WEST OF PUBLIC SQUARE.

On What a Cough.
Will you heed the warning. The signal perhaps of the sure approach of that more terrible disease Consumption. Ask yourselves if you can afford for the sake of saving 50c., to run the risk and do nothing for it. We know from experience that Shilo's Cure will cure your cough. It never fails. This explains why more than a Million Bottles were sold the past year. It relieves croup and whooping cough at once. Mothers, do not be without it. For lame back, side or chest use Shio's Porous Plaster. Sold by R. E. Bristol.

Answer This Question.
Why do so many people we see around us seem to prefer to suffer and be made miserable by indigestion, constipation, dizziness los of appetite, coming up of the blood, yellow skin, when for 75c. we will sell them Shiloh's Vitalizer, guaranteed to cure them. Sold by R. E. Bristol.

☞SHILOH'S CATARRH REMEDY. A marvelous cure for catarrh, diphtheria, canker mouth and headache. With each bottle there is an ingeni-nasal injector for the more successful treatment of those complaints without extra charge. Price 50c. Sold by R. E. Bristol.

☞The new lumber yard just west of the square has a large stock of fresh lumber, shingles, sash, doors, blinds and mouldings &c.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

J. A. CALDWELL,
Physician & Surgeon,
Office up stairs over the old Beard stand, South side Square, residence South-east McKinney, on Wilcox street McKinney, Texas.

I. E. WEBB,
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON.
McKinney, Tex.,
Office over Collin County Bank.
Residence West Louisiana Street North of Public school building.

DR. J. C. N. SMITH
Resident Dentist.
☞Price as low as first-class work can be done. Teeth extracted without pain. Office in Johnson Block.

A. T. BRYANT,
HOMŒOPATHIC
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
McKINNEY, TEXAS,
Office over Shain's grocery store, on the West side of the Square. Can be found there day and night.

H. L. Pearson,
Dental Surgeon,
Office north side square, over Aron's store. Teeth extracted without pain by the use of nitrous oxide gas.

Don't wait for each other but go to work and secure one subscriber for the DEMOCRAT.

LOCAL NEWS.

Shain & Hill shipped some ne mules this week.

Prof. John Doyle was in to e us last Saturday.

Hon. P. B. Muse of Sherman as in McKinney this week.

Mr. Ranney, a former citizen f McKinney, was here this eek.

Lengthy obituaries will be ublished at the rate of 5 cts. er line.

We received several new sub- criptions this week for which e feel thankful.

Edgar Board will move his tock of clothing into the John- on block within a few weeks.

J. L. Douglas and Bro., mer- hants at Jacksonville, Tex., ends for a copy of the DEMO- RAT.

Mrs. Harry and Miss Fannie oys of Dallas are visiting Mrs. annie Foote and family this eek.

The Artesian well managers ave their machinery at work nd ere long we hope to re- ort plenty of artesian water,

THE DEMOCRAT is doing some ob printing that defies compe- ition. If you don't believe his, why, just call around and e.

STOCKMEN:—We can print our horse and jack bills on ort notice at reasonable pri- s. Call and see us.

G. W. Spery informs us that mad-dog was killed near his ace a few miles east of Mc- inney recently. People should ok out for the dangerous an- mals.

Dr. A. Sims, a former citizen McKinney, but now of eatherford, was in the city a week shaking hands with many friends.

We note by a Rockport pa- r that E. W. Kirkpatrick placed a gin at that city the purpose of ginning Sea and cotton. This cotton is oted all the way from 24 to cts per pound.

"DOCK" TUNER, the clever rber, has sold his lot on ich his residence was burned hort time since, to Dr. Shep- rd and will move in a short me to McKinney. "Dock's" eerful voice will be missed Lee street. He is a popular sorial artist. — Greenville ad-Light.

The success of Chamberlain's Cough edy in effecting a speedy cure of ds, croup and whooping cough has ught it into great demand. Messrs. thus & Son, of Cameron, Ohio, say t it has gained a reputation second one in that vicinity. Jas. M. Queen, Johnston, W. Va., says it is the best ever used. B. F. Jones, druggist, inona, Miss., says: "Chamberlain's ugh Remedy is perfectly reliable. I ve always warranted it and it never led to give the most perfect satisfac- n." 50 cent bottles for sale by R. E. istol, Druggist.

The New Ideal Colored Min- rels held forth at Heard's era house last Monday night fore a good sized audience. he performance was excellent roughout. The players prov- d their ability as artists in instrelsy. There was not at dry stereotype procedure hich is so common; but many w and special features were troduced which were highly ppreciated.

Catarrh Can't be Cured

ith LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as ey cannot reach the seat of the dis- se. Catarrh is a blood or constitu- nal disease, and in order to cure it u have to take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, d acts directly on the blood and mu- ous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh cure is t a quick medicine. It was prescribed y one of the best physicians in this untry for years, and is a regular pre- cription. It is composed of the best nics known, combined with the best ood purifiers, acting directly on the cous surfaces. The perfect combi- ation of the two ingredients is what oduces such wonderful results in cur- g catarrh. Send for testimonials free. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75 cents.

Ye editor was the recipient f a nice lot of birthday cake his week, presented by little Ora Straughan, of Viney Grove. She gave a dinner to her many ittle friends last Sunday, which was attended by about sixty- ive of them besides a good umber of grown people. Thanks Miss Ora, may the uture of yourself and many ittle friends be everbright nd joyous.

See Howard & Williams for old Wilson county whiskey.

Sam Lewis, of Parker county was in the city this week. Sam is as jovial as when he was living in old Collin.

A team ran away last Monday which resulted in tearing up two or three wagons on the square. this is enough to re- mind us that we need plenty of hitching racks.

For pains in the chest there is nothing better than a flannel cloth saturated with Chamberlain's Pain Balm and bound on over the seat of pain. It will produce a counter irritation without blistering, and is not so disagreeable as mustard; in fact, is much superior to any plaster on account of its pain-relieving qualities. If used in time it will prevent pneumonia. 50 cent bottles for sale by R. E. Bristol, Druggist.

Dr A. T. Bryant has our thanks for a nice lot of Tennes see apples presented to, editor and comps last Tuesday. The apples were shipped direct to him and were excellent.

Little Leona, daughter of T. D. and Leona Emerson died last Tuesday and was interred at Pecan Grove cemetery. The family have our sympathy in their sad bereavement.

A Sensible Man

Would use Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs. It is curing more cases of Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Croup and all Throat and Lung troubles, than any other medicine. The prorprietor has authorized any druggist to give you a sample bottle Free to convince you of the merit of this great remedy. Large bottles 50c and $1.

F. T. Cooke a former citizen of McKinney, agent of the New York Life Ins. Co., who now lives at Seger I. T. had a leg broken recently by being thrown from a buggy.

Mr and Mrs Ed Bowin, of the Nickle store was called by telegram to Ennis last Tuesday, to attend the funeral service of Mrs Bowin's son.

Elder Randolph Clark, will preach at the Christian Church next Sunday the 15th, at 11 O'clock in the morning, and at 7 O'clock at night. All are invited to attend.

While at the depot yesterday morning we had the pleasure of Meeting Dr. Ed Lindsay and his beautiful and accomplished bride. They were married last Sunday in Arkansas, at the home of the bride's parents. They will make their future home at Copeville, where the Doctor has been practicing his profession for several years. The DEMOCRAT extends congratulations.

Samuel D. Stockard died and was buried last Tuesday evening at Pecan Grove cemetery. The funeral took place from the residence of Rev. H. W. Harris on College Hill. The deceased was for some time an employee of Nale & Dies; but owing to rapidly failing health he moved to South Texas. Consumption caused his death. Thus a noble hearted and worthy young man in the noon of life became a victim to the withering touch of death.

SHE COMMITTED SUICIDE.

MRS. F. C. CONE, at Paris, left this letter: "My husband—forgive me if I cause you trouble, but I suffer so. You do not know what these long, wakeful, wretched nights are to me, and I am so tired, darling—the pain will never be better. It is not easy to take my own life, but I have been sick so long. Goodbye, my husband, I love you—your wife." This is but one of thousands that gives up, instead of using Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine, and being speedily cured of their wretchedness. Go to Smith Bros. drug store and get an elegant book and trial bottle free. 6

To The Public.

The undersigned would respectfully announce to their customers and friends that they have sold out their lumber yard and business at McKinney to J. M. Wilcox & Sons, and beg leave to extend our thanks to the people for their liberal patronage during the past two years and we hope our successors will have a continuation of the same. We regret to close out our business interest here, yet we are forced to do so on account of our sawmilling interest in Eastern Texas requiring all of our personal attention. All parties owing the firm are requested to settle up at once.

Wms. Warden and Arthur Stacy are authorized to collect all notes and accounts.

Very respectfully,
J. F. STIVERS & Co.

Visit Mrs Duer, in her new rooms over Wiseman's.

John Howard, a former Collin county citizen writes from Allen I. T. to the DEMOCRAT. He says the weather has been very cold up there; health is good; that farmers have to haul there products from 50 to 75 miles to market.

He sends greetings to J. W. Higgins, and informs that gentleman that he has a good place picked out lo kill a deer. He incidently refers to the fact that two men were killed by the indians while he was engaged in writing to the DEMOCRAT,—that only 35 men have been killed in ten miles of him in two years.!

Any one wishing to engage in the sport of fighting indians can correspond with J. T. Howard Allen Choctaw Nation I. T. who will give all information.

"For the past two or three years I have been subject to cramping pains in the stomach," says Mr. W. A. Baldwin, a hardware merchant of Boonville, Dallas county, Iowa. "I have tried a number of different remedies; the best one being Chamberlain's Colic Cure, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy. One or two doses always cures me." Sold by R. E. Bristol, Druggist.

Alliance Notice.

FARMERSVILLE, Jan. 7, '93.
Editor Democrat.

Dear Sir:—There will be a committee to meet the delegates to the County Alliance, to be held at Prairie Grove. The committee will meet them at Farmersville, Nevada and Copeville, on Tuesday, Jan. 17, 1892, all on horseback come to Prairie Grove school-house.

S. F. SHIPP.

GRAVE MISTAKE.

Physicians frequently make mistakes in treatment of heart disease The rate of sudden deaths is daily increasing. Hundreds become victims of the ignorance of physicians in the treatment of the disease. One in four persons has a diseased heart. Shortness of Breath, Palpitation and Fluttering, Irregular Pulse, choking sensation, asthmatic breathing, pain or tenderness in side, shoulde, or arm, weak or hungry spells, are symptoms of heart disease. Dr. Mile's New Heart Cure is the only reliable remedy. Thousands testify to its wonderful cures. Books free. Sold by Smith Bros. 6

The Golden Bottle

This excellent novel of 313 pages written by Ignatius Donnelly, one of the most brilliant authors of America, can be had at the Democrat office for 50cts (paper) or $1.25 (cloth). Call and see the work.

Mass Meeting.

MCKINNEY, Tex., Jan. 3, 1893.
To the People's party voters of Collin County:

A mass meeting of the People's party voters of Collin county is hereby called to meet at the court house in McKinney on Saturday, Jan. 28 1893, at 10 o'clock A. M. to reorganize the Party in this county. It is necessary that every Populist voter be present. By order of Executive Committee.

R. D. ALLISON Ch'm'n.
E. C. FORBES Sect'y.

A Great Surprise

Is in store for all who use Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs, the great guaranteed remedy. Would you believe that it is sold on its merits and that any druggist is authorized by the proprietor of this wonderful remedy to give you a sample bottle free? It never fails to cure acute or chronic coughs. All druggists sell Kemp's Balsam. Large bottles 50 cents and $1.

Notice.

All parties owing J. F. Stivers & Co are requested to see Wms. Warden or Arthur Stacy and settle up at once. They will be found at the old stand for a few days.

Hot temale and Chile concarne at J. G. Garza's.

Ed. Bowin of the nickel store handles the best cigars. Call and try them.

County Alliance

The next quarterly meeting of the Collin county alliance will be held with Prairie Grove alliance, about 5 miles south of Farmersville on the third Wednesday of January 1893, the same being the 18th day of the month.

R. S. SNEED President,
C. C. Alliance.

J. G. Garza has a nice stand near the depot where he invites the public to call. He will serve the best Hot temales and Chile concarne on the market.

Call at Owens & Armstrong Bros.' for lumber.

GOSSIP AROUND THE CITY

Caught by a Democrat Reporter.

Physicians inform us that the public need not be alarmed about miningetis as a contageous disease. IT IS NOT CONTAGEOUS.

***

"Who are going to be candidates for the various offices next April," asked a voter of the reporter recently. Of course we could not give a satisfactory answer.

***

"A man got shot in a hardware store to-day," was an expression that was heard by the reporter the other evening. Upon inquiry we found that the man only bought a pound of bird shot!

***

Aron Brett is the gramatical critic of the "West Side Club." He gave ye reporter a "round ing up" last Monday evening. Aron has "gotten" things down fine—unlike the other boys he never makes a mistake!

***

"I don't like this raffle business." Was the remark made to us yesterday by one of fifty victims to a slick trick. For further particulars you will please call on the fellow that purchased fifty cents worth of experience.

***

The other evening we met a lady acquaintance who, in very forcible terms, informed us that she was not pleased with our paper, declaring it to be worthless and requested us to stop it from coming to her husband's address. Of course this made us feel somewhat "blue," but upon discovering that her husband did not take the DEMOCRAT and that the lady thought that we were publishing the Gazette, we felt relieved.

***

A farmer living fourteen miles out in the country, who was summoned to appear before the grand jury, observed to ye reporter: "It is a shame to compel a man to appear before that 'secret conclave' without compensating him. The bailiff, who summons him, gets his pay all right enongh, besides all other officials get pay for their work. The farmer pays taxes and yet is compelled to work for nothing in this case."

The great value of Hood's Sarsaparilla as a remedy for catarrh is vouched for by thousands of people whom it has cured. 69

MARRIAGE BELLS.

The following marriage licences have been issued by County Clerk Waddill since our last issue.

Steve Clayton and Eva Smith, A M Burshard and Mrs. Rachel Neely, Noah Graham and Helen Hubbard, L J Butler and M B Higgins, Sam M Harris and Delia Burkhard.

The law instead of protecting the innocent, seems to afford at times an actual bulwark behind which the guilty criminal effectually shields himself from the just punishment he richly merits. The conclusion seems forced on the mind of the average citizen that our entire system of jurisprudence needs revision. * * * The News has done a good work in calling popular attention to matters of similar importance heretofore and as a newspaper it deserves the moral and financial support on the part of every citizen who cares aught for his family, his home, his country or himself.

New Grocery.

Tom Jones desires to announce that he has opened up a nice fresh stock of staple and fancy groceries which he offers to the trade at reasonable cash prices. He will do strictly a cash business—knowing no one above another. Call and be convinced.

For information and free Handbook write to MUNN & CO., 361 BROADWAY, NEW YORK. Oldest bureau for securing patents in America. Every patent taken out by us is brought before the public by a notice given free of charge in the

Scientific American

Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Splendidly illustrated. No intelligent man should be without it. Weekly, $3.00 a year; $1.50 six months. Address MUNN & CO., PUBLISHERS, 361 Broadway, New York City.

Miles' Nerve & Liver Pills.

Acts on a new principle—regulating the liver, stomach and bowels through the nerves. A new discovery. Dr. Miles' Pills speedly cure billiousness, bad taste, torpid liver, piles, constipation. Unequalled for men, women, children. Smallest, mildest, surest 1 50 doses, 25 cts. Samples Free, at Smith Bros, Drug Store.

Mrs. Mary E. O'Fallon
of Piqua, O., says the Physicians are Astonished, and look at her like one

Raised from the Dead

Long and Terrible Illness from Blood Poisoning

Completely Cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Mrs. Mary E. O'Fallon, a very intelligent lady of Piqua, Ohio, was poisoned while assisting physicians at an autopsy 5 years ago, and soon terrible ulcers broke out on her head, arms, tongue and throat. Her hair all came out. She weighed but 78 lbs., and saw no prospect of help. At last she began to take Hood's Sarsaparilla and at once improved; could soon get out of bed and walk. She says: "I became perfectly cured by

Hood's Sarsaparilla

and am now a well woman. I weigh 128 lbs., eat well and do the work for a large family. My case seems a wonderful recovery and physicians look at me in astonishment, as almost like one raised from the dead."

HOOD'S PILLS should be in every family medicine chest. Once used, always preferred.

You Should Remember

When writing for publication write only on one side of the paper.

Always give your name whether you want it published or not.

Don't worry about composition or spelling. The editor will correct—possibly make it worse.

When you want your paper changed always give the name of your present post-office.

When you want your paper stopped, always pay up back subscription.

Call and see us, the latch string hangs on the outside.

In buying a cough medicine for children," says H A Walker, a prominent druggist of Ogden, Utah, "never be afraid to buy Chamberlain s Cough Remedy. There is no danger from it and relief is always sure to follow. I particularly recommend Chamberlain's because I have found it to be safe and reliable. It is intended especially for colds, croup and whooping cough. 50 cents bottles for sale by. For sale by R. E. Bristol, Druggist,

People's Party and the Alliance.

Messrs. C. A. McMeans, of Lewisville; S. R. Lain, of Bolivar, and E. Griggs, of the eastern part of the county, were pleasant callers at the Chronicle office Thursday. These gentlemen are members of the people's party, and expressed themselves as confident that the party would continue as a factor in the political affairs of the country for many years to come, and that eventually its principles would triumph. Mr. McMeans had just returned from a lecture tour in Leon and Madison counties, in south east Texas, where he re-organized several sub alliances. Mr. McMeans has been selected as one of the four assistant state lecturers to canvass the state, a work he had already begun. Next week he will lecture in Tarrant county in the interest of the alliance.—Denton Chronicle.

Dr T. C. Reedy will be in McKinney on Monday and Tuesday 23 and 24th instant.

THE MARKET.

ST. LOUIS—Cattle; shipping $4 75 to $5.00, Range $2.10 to 3.10. Hoggs; Packing $7.20 to 7.60.

NEW ORLEANS—Cotton, middling, 9 1-2 cts; middling fair 10 3-8.

CHICAGO—Wheat 78; corn 40 1-2; oats 30.

LOCAL MARKET

Cotton 8 to 9 cts.; corn 26 cts. wheat 58 cts.; oats——.

Chickens, frying, $1.75 to 2.00; eggs 10 cts; butter 12 1-2 to 15 cts.

Mrs Duer will be glad to see you in her new rooms over Wiseman's.

Our Clubbing Offer.

We will send The DEMOCRAT and any of the following journals for one year for $2.00 payable in advance.

Courier Journal, Louisville Ky.
Globe Democrat St. Louis Mo,
Republic, " "
Constitution, Atlanta Ga.
News, Dallas Texas.
Gazette, Ft. Worth Tex.
Truth, San Antonio Tex.

We will take subscriptions for any of the above journals at this office. Others will be added soon. Call and see us.

Our Acknowledgement.

The following list of gentlemen have our heartfelt thanks for subscription received recently:

J B Cox,
L R Recer,
w G Kerr,
Dan Biggs,
R T Spivey,
J F Aron,
w F Bedell,
A D Stelzer,
R C Fisher,
D L Morrow,
H M Hoskins,
J E Caruth,
P C Darland,
J H Parker,
J O Southerland,
T D Donohue,
J S Bass,
T E Furr,
B F Lockhart,
H L williford,
J C williams,
J T Tucker,
J. L. Foster.
Lew Lewis,
G w Addison,
Steve Hobbins.
W S Anderson,
J T Howard
G W Gill
J C Straughan
J T Curry
J H Moore
G W Addison
Henry Shields
H H Craver
Jno Humphries
J H Foster
J W Lunsford
C C Buchanan
A R Hall
J T Stiff
James Burkhitt.

Clarence Shuman can make your old machine run like a new one. Satisfaction garenteed or money refunded, also repair your organs.

District Court.

Margarett Taggart vs. C D Taggart; divorce, granted.

T C Bean, Est. vs. J L Langley; title and damages. Judgment by default.

J L Butler vs. Dora Butler. Divorce, granted.

A M Bushart vs. S C Bushart. Divorce granted,

G. A. Foote vs. W P Milligan, et. al.; foreclosure vendors lien. Judgment by default.

Mayor's Court.

The following record of the mayor's court since our last issue.

Ben Bolts, Drunkenness, fine and cost $14·70

W. M. McMorries, drunkenness, fiine and cost $11·70.

Sam Blair, drunkennes, fine and cost $10.70.

Hayden Johnson, assault, fine and cost $15.70.

Justice's Court.

L. R. Reser, disturbance, fine and cost $8.70.

Special Notice.

Have opened elegant dress making parlors over M. Aron & Co. store and will be highly pleased to have all my friends and customers call. Respt.

MRS. BELLE STIFF.

Have your machine and organs repaired by Clarence Shuman. The practical sewing machine repairer.

Work, Wory, and Disease

are a formidable trio; yet the weak person frequently has to meet all of them at once. How can he overcome? The answer is, with our COMPOUND OXYGEN (and our only.) The countless demonstration of 23 years warrant this reply.

Our treatment is available for home use; neither need your occupation be interferred with. The value of these features is obvious. What about your need? A book of explanation and proof is yours to consider—if asked for now.

Drs. STARKEY & PALEN,
120 Sutter St., San Francisco, Cal.
1529 Arch St, Philadelphia, Pa.

Shiloh's Consumption Cure

This is beyond question the most successful cough medicine we have ever sold, a few doses invariably cure the worst case of cough, croup and bronchitis, while its wonderful success in the cure of consumption is without a parallel in the history of medicine. Since its first discovery it has been sold on a guarantee, a test which no other medicine can stand. If you have a cough we earnestly ask you to try it. Price 10c, 50c and $1. If your lungs are sore, chest, or back lame, use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. Sold by R. E. Bristol.

DOWELL & FIELD,

East Louisiana Street, - - McKinney, Texas.

—DEALERS IN—

Agricultural and Farming Implements respectfully announce to the public that they have opened for business and kindly solicit your patronage. Anything in their line of business can be had on the most reasonable terms.

The Nickle Store has sold out and transfered its cash to the bank account ready to purchase new goods which are already arriving.

"Lincoln county Tennessee" at Howard & Williams North side square McKinney Texas.

When you want Groceries go to J. G. Garza on East Louisiana street near depot.

After eating a hearty meal ask for a Texas Standard cigar.

Female Weakness PositiveCure.

To The Editor:—Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the thousand and one ills which arise from degenerated female organs. I shall be glad to send two bottles of my remedy FREE to any lady if they will send their Express and P. O. address. Yours respectfully, Dr. A. C. MARCHISI, Utica, N. Y.

Farmers when you come to town call for a Texas Standard cigar and you will go home happy.

When you wish a good meal or lunch call on Yours fraternally, HAYS & Co.

Farmers when you have produce to sell call on Hays & Co. near depot. We pay good prices. Fraternally yours,
HAYS & Co.

Fine wines, liquors and cigars at Howard & William's.

For Fresh Groceries at reasonable prices call on us.
Fraternally Yours,
HAYS & Co.

Owens & Armstrong Bros' is the firm that handles the best of all kinds of lumber just west of the square. Get their prices before purchasing.

L. Philipson of Dallas continues to visit McKinney, and receives the many orders for the Texas Standard cigar—the best 5 cent smoker in the market.

Smith Bros.

Keep on hand fresh drugs. patent medicines of all kinds, Also toilet articles of any description; in fact, everything in the drug line. Call and see them, east side of the square.

Packard, Packard, Packard, the best organ on the market, at M. B. Rexrode's.

Music for Everybody.

M. B. Rexrode, one door south of Collin county bank handles the Mathushek Piano, Packard, Waterloo and other makes of organs, which he will sell for cash or in installments on the most reasonable terms.

Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment.

A certain cure for Chronic Sore Eyes, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Old Chronic Sores, Fever Sores, Eczema, Itch, Prairie Scratches, Sore Nipples and Piles. It is cooling and soothing. Hundreds of cases have been cured by it after all other treatment had failed. It is put up in 25 and 50 cent boxes.

Don't neglect to try the Texas Standard cigar when you wish to enjoy a good smoke.

Howard & Williams have remodeled their business house in grand style with new furniture, carpets papering etc.

Mathushek, Mathushek, the most reliable and best constructed Piano ever sold in North Texas, at M.B.Rexrode's, south Collin county bank.

If you want a pleasant smoke get the Texas Standard cigar.

Buy your christmas goods from Kindell & McWhirter, grocers, East Louisiana street. They will save you money.

The Packard is the best.

Fine holiday drinks at Howard & William's.

All the leading dealers in McKinney handle the Texas Standard cigar. Try one of them, it is the best 5 cent cigar on the market.

The Waterloo is all right.

No flowery rhetoric can tell the merit of Hood's Sarsaparilla as well as the cures accomplished by this excellent medicine. 70

Read our clubbing rates with leading papers, then come in and subscribe.

For pure whiskey don't forget to call on Howard & Williams.

Cultivators and plows at about cost J. P. WEBSTER,

THE DEMOCRAT and Farm & Ranch for $1.90.

A great many are taking advantage of our clubbing rates in taking the DEMOCRAT.

1893 JANUARY. 1893

Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fr.	Sa.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30	31				

ORDERS

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THE New York WORLD AlmanaC

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It contains several hundred pages and a complete Compendium of information on all subjects, including Maps and Guides

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MEMPHIS, CAIRO AND ST. LOUIS.

THE ONLY LINE

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THROUGH CAR SERVICE

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Texas to Memphis,

Connecting with Trough Trains to all points, East, North and Southeast.

TWO DAILY TRAINS

—WITH—

Through Coaches & Pullman Sleepers

—FROM—

Waco, Corsicana and Tyler.

ALL TEXAS LINES connect with and have Through Tickets on sale via the

Cotton Belt Route.

For rates, maps, time tables and all information apply to any Agent of the Company.

F. H. JONES, Trav. Pass'r Agt. Ft. Worth, Tex.
W. H. WINFIELD, Gen'l. Pass'r Agt, Tyler, Tex.

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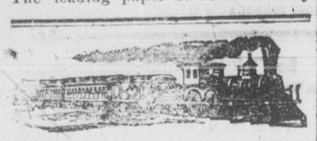
The leading paper of Collin County



Houston and Texas Central Railway Time Table.

Going North, No.	13	Arrives	5:21	a. m.
" " "	3	"	9:58	a. m.
" " "	2	"	7:05	p. m.
" South "	2	"	8:24	a. m.
" " "	4	"	4:49	p. m.
" " "	14	"	9:28	p. m.

East Line Railroad.

Leaves	8:27 a. m.
Arrives	6:00 p. m.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:

One Year,	$1.50
Eight Months,	1.00
Six Months,	75
Three "	40

Our Advertising Rates.

One column 1 year	$150.00
½ column 1 year	80.00
1-inch single column	12.00

Local notices, 7 cents per line for each insertion. Obituaries of more than 10 lines will be charged for at our usual rates.

All contracts will be charged for in proportion to the above.

Address,
F. C. THOMPSON, Proprietor,
McKinney, Texas.

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

CUMBERLAND PRESBYTERIAN.

Services every Sabbath at 11 o'clock a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Rev. ——— pastor. Sabbath school every Sabbath at 9:30 a. m. ——— superintendent.

PRESBYTERIAN.

Services every Sabbath at 11 o'clock a. m. and 7:30 p. m., Rev. G. A. Russell pastor. Sabbath school every Sabbath at 9:30 a. m. Prayer meeting every Wednesday night at 7:30.

METHODIST.

Services every Sabbath at 11 o'clock a. m. and 7:15 p. m., Rev. Fladger pastor. Sabbath school every Sabbath at 9:45 a. m. Prayer meeting every Wednesday night at 7:30.

CHRISTIAN.

Preaching every Sabbath morning at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Elder ——— pastor. Sunday school every Sabbath to 9:30 a. m. P. Harris, superintendent. Prayer meeting every Wednesday night at 7:30.

BAPTIST.

Preaching every Sunday at 11 o'clock a. m. and 7:45 p. m., Rev. Sims pastor. Sunday school Sunday morning at 9:45 o'clock. T. C. Perry, superintendent

Calendar of District, County and Commissioners Court of Collin County.

DISTRICT COURT: Hon. P. B. Muse, Judge.
Court convenes 1st Mondays in January and June of each year.
COUNTY COURT: M. G. Abernathy, Judge.
Court convenes for civil, criminal and probate business. 1st Monday in March; 3rd Monday in May; 4th Monday in July; 2nd Monday in Oct. and 2nd Monday in December of each year.
COMMISSIONERS COURT: Convenes 2nd Mondays in February, May, August and November of each year.

County Officials.

M. G. Abernathy,	County Judge.
T. F. Mangum,	County Attorney.
J. W. Waddill,	County Clerk
J. L. Moulden,	Sheriff.
John W. McKinney,	Tax Collector.
R. S. Chandler,	Tax Assessor.
W. H. Taylor,	County Treasurer.
S. P. Clardy,	County Surveyor.

PEOPLE.

We recommend Texas Farm and Ranch as the best farm and family paper published in the South. It contains original and interesting articles in each issue of value to each member of every family. Any of our readers who are not subscribers to this excellent paper should at once send to Texas Farm and Ranch, Dallas, Tex., for a free sample copy. Subscriptions taken at the DEMOCRAT office.

☞Kindell & McWhirter have a splendid stock of staple and fancy groceries for you to select from at the most reasonable prices.

TAKE
THE MK AND T
MISSOURI, KANSAS & TEXAS RAILWAY.
TO ALL POINTS
NORTH and EAST.
THROUGH ☆ TRAINS ☆ CARRY
Pullman :: Sleepers
Between Points in TEXAS and
Chicago, St. Louis
—AND—
KANSAS CITY
Also
Free Reclining Chair Cars
—BETWEEN—
TAYLOR AND KANSAS CITY AND HANNIBAL
Close Connections in all of the above cities with fast trains of eastern and northern lines, make the M. K. & T. R'y the best line to
New York, Boston, Montreal and St. Paul.
H. BOARDMAN, T. P. A. Ft. Worth, Tex.
W. D. LAWSON, T. P. A. Houston, Tex.
I. F. HUGHES, G. P. & T. A., Denison Texas.
A. FAULKNER, G. P. & T. A.
E. B. PARKER, A. G. P. A.
Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railway System,
No. 509 Chestnut Street, St. Louis, Mo.

OBJECTIONS TO THE SUB-TREASURY PLAN.

LAND AND LOAN SYSTEM IN A NEW FORM.

Monetary Medium,—Continued. Auxiliary Money.

(CONTINUED FROM LAST ISSUE)

BY PROF. A. P. A. STRAIO.

Aside from this auxiliary issued on private security for periods of five, ten or fifteen yeara, and constituting a portion of the volume of mouey, still a minor auxiliary, which I will call AUXILIARY SCRIP, or SCRIP, might be issued for periods of from three to six months; which, while in circulation, would be an additton to the general volume of money.

However, this issue would be required to be under such a regulation as not to cause inflaation. Probaply, the issue would be required to be limited to three or four months, as for a longer period might call too much of this money into circulation so as to destroy the parity of the regular volume of money.

The purpose of this scrip would be mostly for conveinience in promt money raising, as in the case of speculators, and not so much as an assistance to the poorer classes; and would bear close relation to the postage stamps and postal notes when used as a medium of exchange, although would be endowed with the functions of money. The reason it wonld be mostly for convenience and not so much as an assistanee to the poorer classes is that the loans would not continue long enough so as to be of much advantage.

The way this scrip can be brought to persons without the intervention of private banking corporations with facility; is as follows;—

Have a difference made between the paper notes of the fiet and auxiliary money and the scrip by having the scrip of a different look and model and good only for the time they are contracted for, the date and place when and where given and the time of expiration put on the notes. And at the expiration of which time, the bearer thereof goes to the nearest bank and exchanges it for other money and the expired scrip destroyed; when also, at the place it was contracted for, the money would be refunded by the contractor, else the obligation again renewed.

I will illustrate by example. Say A has a need for one hundred dollars, and has available for prompt money raising bonds as satisfactory security, or a mortgage on land answering the same. He would then go to the department of banking in the post-office building and present his security, which would be filed away by the respective department; and A would have filled out to him the blank scrip in whatever sums he would wish, the date and place when and where given and the time of expiration put on the notes, and signed and sealed by the proper officials.

Say he had now made his investment, and that his scrip had gone abroad; and the time for him to pay his obligation has arrived. Now, on the day it is due, he goes to the respective department and pays his debt and gets in return the security he had left; while on the same day the men abroad go to their nearest bank and present their expiring scrip and obtain other money, communication betwixt the former and the other banks is had, and the obligation cancelled.

This would be a very simple, practical and economical mode for the government to deal directly with the people. Even, very similar would this scrip be to the postal notes now under the postal system. Here, the postal notes have expressed the amount the bearer is entitled to, and that it is good for three months; and that after the expiration of which time it is worthless. The only difference between this scrip and these postal notes is that the scrip is secured by mortgages or other satisfactory security and good for the respective time, while the postal notes are secured by paying directly to the postmaster the respective amout and are good for the time of three months. And so, as far as practicability and economy is concerned, one is as practical and economical as the other.

As alluded, the only objection to this scrip, is the precaution that would have to be taken against an over-issue so as to cause inflation.

Still, not as much precaution against inflation need there be as might be supposed. In the first place, the augmentation of the volume of money by the scrip would never be greater than the amount under actual use, since the new issues merely take the place of those whose time expires. And secondly, the essential requirement is for the volumo of money to be in harmony with the volume of business to be transacted; whereas, the volume of business being constantly at a fluctuation, the volume of money should too be in fluctuation accordingly.

But by the nature of the question at the very time there would be the greatest patronage of this scrip, the volume of business would be the greatest; being there would then be the greatest demand for it. So that, to a great extent, this scrip would only serve to level or regulate the volume of money instead of being required to be regulated itself, as those who have use for money that length of time could want it, universally, for no other purpose thsn to transact a portion of the swelling business. Even the portion of the scrip directly usd for other purposes than to meet the swelling volume of business, is as liable to serve in keeping the volume of money regulated by augmenting it when the volume of business is at its maximum than to prove a detriment by being excessive when the volume of business is at its minimum.

It is here that the temporary mediums of exchange, postage stamps, negotiable notes, ect., when used as such, do not cause inflation nor financial determent; the volume of business being at a fluctuation, they serve as much (or more, for a reason given above) to meet the deficiency when the volume of business is at its maximum as to produce inflation when the volume of busi is at its minimum.

However, it is to be understood that the demand for this scrip just described is insignificant to that of the auxiliary described in the first part of the chapter. But after the fiat money system and auxiliary, as described, are once established, whereby so many unnecessary taxes and anvances will be saved to the people, the latter might too, then, be established, and prove a great propriety. To make this scrip readily acceptable, a premium could be given on it; have the borrower pay a little more, so that when its time expires, the bearer will realize a little profit for his trouble in exchanging it.

After, with much seriousness and study in 1890, I devised, to my own satisfaction, a monetary system for the government to deal directly with the people instead of dealing with them through the private banking corporations at such great extortious, and which I had published in 1891, I became aware of the fact, that that which is advocated under the farmers alliance as the SUBTREASURY PLAN is about the same as I herein know by AUXILIARY SCRIP, only that in the subtreasury plan there is a building of warehouses and money to be loaned on grain and farm products generaly as well.

So, in this second issue of my book, I will make mention thereof; and give my views also on the subtreasury plan.

In the first place I find this system open to the very evils which in the said issue, I avoid with difficulty,—such as a method of emitting and relinquishing the issue, and to prevent inflation so as not to destroy the parity of the regularr volume of money.

But, admitting that the money called into circulation in this manner by mortgages on grain and farm products generally and relinquised when through with its use would be in harmony with the increase and decrease of the volume of business, the question is, would it be of snffient advantage to the farming classes to justify even the building of government warehousses,

The only reason a farmer could have to obtain money on his farm products would be to hold them with expectation of getting a higher price, since otherwise he could sell it and get the money at ohce. So that the only way in which a farmer could expect to be benefited by the subtreasury would be to hold his produce for a time in view of obtaining a higher price—no use of money, thus obtained, to invest in land, no factor for renters to obtain farms of their own as would be the case in the land loan project. Even, whether the farmer could get a higher price for his produce after storing it for a time, under our present systems and organized money power, is very doubtful in my mind; when he would be out the charges for storage and other expenses still besides. The proper manner of obtaining just prices for produce, and regulating prices generally, as relative to private trade, is through private arrangement, such as I described under Co-operation of occupants, part two.

And, again, admitting that it was a good thing, then the money, that would be issued on produce all over the country, as everyone would want to get the benefit of the system, amounting undoubtedly to millions of dollars and likely more than all the other money in circulation—what effect would it have? Talking about the volume of money regulating prices—what would this double volume of money thrown into circulation do? It appears to me that this is a groping in the dark, where no true patriot would care to tread. I'll admit that this augmentation of the volume of money would raise prices in favor of the farmers. But I am no more for farmers than other laborers. I am for equal rights to all and special privileges to none.

The only way I can see that ever such a system of issuing an unlimited amount of money on produce would answer with any justice whatever, would be to discard entirely the standing volume of money and have all—farmers, manufacturers, colliers, etc.—when in need of a medium to make exchange, get it on their produce, manufactured goods, and products of the earth generally, and when they get through with its use, give up their securities and again withdraw the medium; which, in conformity to my logic, would be grossly inconsistent.

And, here I think a reform movement is guilty of making one of the greatest mistakes in its cause, a branching off into the fields of conjecture instead of taking measures which are philosophical and of a form that can be demonstrated without a doubt to be in the general interest of the masses.

A sound financial system is what is first wanted; comprising a uniform volume of money, and apart from private corporations, and under jurisdiction and management of a department of the government the same as other public matters, in a manner I have described. Restore the issuing power of money and the jurisdiction thereof to the people under a department of the government, and get rid of the banking aristocracy; and afterwards think about embellishing the financial system with such things as the auxiliary scrip, or something in the nature of Subtreasury plans.

When a woman clinches her teeth, shuts up her fists and remarks, in a concentrated voice. "I wish I was that man's wife for about five minutes," it is mighty lucky for "that man" that she isn't.—Texas Siftings.

Young Prettywilde—"Doctor, I am suffering from insomnia. Can you suggest a remedy?" Dr. Squills—"Certainly. Don't stay up all night."—Chicago News-Record.

He—"Not married yet?"—She—"No!" He—"Impossible!" She—"So I am begining to think!"—New York World.

Laws for Collection of Debts.

The following story concerning Horace Greely gives some excellent points on the matter of repealing laws for the collection of debts:

Greely did not like lawyers. "Mr. Greeley," said Patridge, "this is Denslow, a young attorney." Greeley uttered a short grunt of recognition, but did not even look around. I, embarrassed, shrunk away to one corner, and took a chair. He went around the room looking at pictures, and what not, and in about five minutes, when his back was turned on me, and I thought he had forgotten me, he suddenly, without looking at me, said, "Hem! so you are an attorney, are you?"

I confessed it.

"I hate lawyers; they do more mischief than their heads are worth."

"I suppose they are a necessary evil," I suggested deprecatingly.

"Wholly unecessary," he insisted.

"I suppose you will acknowlege," I said, "that they promote good order and remove impediments to good government."

"Just the contrary! just the contrary!" he squeaked in his old falcetto; "they cause disorder, and are the chief obstacles to good government.

I thought the man was crazy. "Perhaps you will tell me," I suggested, "how bad debts could be collected without attorneys?"

"Don't want 'em collected! don't want 'em collected" he squeaked. If A lets B have his property without payment I don't see why C. D. E. F. and all the rest of the alphabet should be called upon to act as police to get it back! No debt should be collected by law. It's monstrous. Let a man trust another at his own risk. Even a gambler pays debts that he isn't legally bound to pay and calls them debts of honor; but men will put their property out of their hands to prevent the legal collection of their grocery bills. Abolish all laws for the collectin of debts and that will abolish most of your lawyers—good riddance."

Government Loans.

To national banks at 1 per ct.
To deposit banks at no per cent.
To Pacific railroads at no per cent.
To Centennial exposition at no per cent.
To New Orleans exposition at no per cent.
To Paris expositon at no per cent.
To Chicago exposition at no per cent.
To whiskey vendors at no per cent.

To all these combinations the United States Government loans money. To some of them it actualy loans money and pays interest for the privilege of loaning at no per cent. Leading constituuional lawyers have stood in Congress and pronouced all these loans eminently constitutional. Still we find men and partisan papers who deny this truth.—Exchange.

Agnes—"I wonder why they put clocks on stockings." Maud—"So we can tell if the colors are fast."—Brooklyn Life.

"Yes, stranger," said the native of the aspiring Western village, "five years ago this hull place were a wilderness; nothin' but perarie grars and red injuns. Now stranger, there be twenty men in that jail over yonder, and forty more in the poor-hous. It's a growin, stranger."—Boston Transcript.

Texas boasts that it has 57 counties, each of which is larger than the entire state of Rhode Island.

According to French divorce statistics, the most unhappy period of matrimony is between the fifth and tenth year after the honeymoon.

In only 36 of Oregon's new orchards there are 9,000,000 young fruit trees.

The population of London now exceeds that of New York, Brooklyn, Philadelphia and Chicago, combined; and these four are the only American cities having one million or more inhabitants each.

SNAP SHOTS.

[Dallas News.]

When a love-sick couple stop talking entirely they are telling the old, old story.

Every man has a weak place somewhere, and it is oftener his head than his heel.

Even many of of our maxims are little better than moss-covered errors.

A self-made man is one who seems to have forgotten all that his father and mother and all the people have done for him.

When a barber gets his thumb into your mouth you can not jaw him back.

Female barbers are altogeth too sympathetic. One of them has never been known to reap down a heavenly mustache.

It is estimated that nine wives in ten can tell over the 'phone whether hubby has been smiling any since breakfast. the tenth wife does not need the 'phone.

Government Warehouses.

Silver bullion stored.
Gold bullion stored.
Banker's bonds stored.
Importers' goods stored.
Exporters' goods stored.
Whiskey stored.
Gold coin stored.

These various things are stored by the United States government as the property of favored individuals, free of any cost whatever, and distinguished leaders and lawyers of the two dominant parties have not yet questioned or even investigated the unconstitutionality of the law that authorizes the storage, the Supreme Court approves and who objects? That's it.—Exchange.

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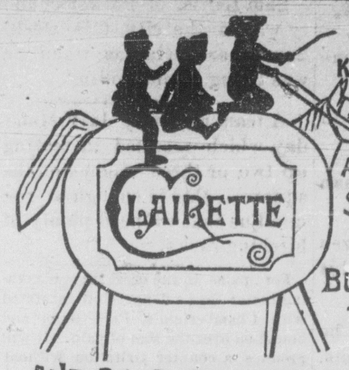

TO MARKET, TO MARKET, AND WHAT SHALL WE BUY? SOME BEANS AND SOME BARLEY, SOME RICE AND SOME RYE. BUT NEVER MIND THOSE IF YOU'LL ONLY BE SURE
AND REMEMBER SOME
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